

Cognitive

The cognitive domain involves knowledge and the development of intellectual skills. There are six major categories, which are listed in order below, starting from the simplest behavior to the most complex. The categories can be thought of as degrees of difficulties. That is, the first one must be mastered before the next one can take place.

Cognitive Level	Examples:	Some Key Verbs:
Knowledge: Remember facts, patterns, setting, and methods	Define vocabulary terms. State the formula.	define, describe, identify, know, label, list, match, name, outline, recall, recognize, reproduce, select, state.
Comprehension: Understand the meaning, translation, and interpretation of instructions and problems.	State a problem in one's own words. Rewrite the algorithm in a step-by-step process.	comprehend, convert, defend, distinguish, estimate, explain, extend, generalize, give examples, infer, interpret, paraphrase, predict, rewrite, summarize, translate.
Application: Use a concept in a new situation. Applies what was learned in the classroom into "real-life" scenario.	Use inferential statistics to estimate the average age of Cañada students.	apply, change, compute, construct, demonstrate, discover, manipulate, modify, operate, predict, prepare, produce, relate, show, solve, use.
Analysis: Separate material or concepts into component parts so that its organizational structure may be understood. Distinguishes between facts and inferences.	Given a solution to a problem, check its validity.	analyze, break down, compare, contrast, diagram, deconstruct, differentiate, discriminate, distinguish, identify, illustrate, infer, outline, relate, select, separate.
Synthesis: Put together elements and parts to form a whole.	Write an essay explaining the different aspects of the musical.	categorize, combine, compile, compose, create, devise, design, explain, generate, modify, organize, plan, rearrange, reconstruct, relate, reorganize, revise, rewrite, summarize, tell, write.
Evaluation: Make judgments about the value of ideas or materials.	Select the most effective solution. Explain and justify a new budget.	appraise, compare, conclude, contrast, criticize, critique, defend, describe, discriminate, evaluate, explain, interpret, justify, relate, summarize, support.

Affective

This domain includes the manner in which we deal with things emotionally, such as feelings, values, appreciation, enthusiasms, motivations, and attitudes.

Psychomotor

The psychomotor domain includes physical movement, coordination, and use of the motor-skill areas. Development of these skills requires practice and is measured in terms of speed, precision, distance, procedures, or techniques in execution.